

Solid partners for powder and bulk handling components

Adjustable PT100 Bearing Temperature Sensor with 1/2 **NPT Conduit Entry**

Hot bearing WARNING device, for use in hazardous areas

Brochure



Accurate

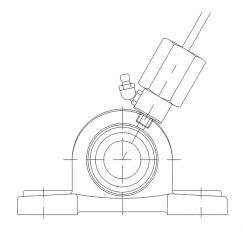
Fail-safe

Adjustable Bearing Temperature Sensor, type PT100V3C With Grease nipple

The PT100V3C bearing temperature sensor with grease nipple is specially designed for accurate measuring of universal bearing housings.

The PT100V3C sensor is very easy to mount in the bearing housing without need for modifications. Use this installation method to avoid losing the guarantee on the bearing.

The advantage of measuring with a PT100 is that it sends a continuous output signal to the operating system.

















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1. Application

The PT100V3C bearing temperature sensor with grease nipple is specially designed for accurate measuring of universal bearing housings.

The bearing temperature sensor emits a standard analogue output signal. The signal can be implemented very simply in an operating system. If the analogue signal is interrupted, the reason for this must be investigated (failsafe). Early detection of high temperature can prevent the bearing from becoming overheated, thereby reducing the risk of possible dust explosions.

The PT100V3C sensor is very easy to install in the bearing housing without need for modifications. Use this installation method to avoid losing the guarantee on the bearing.

The advantage of measuring with a PT100 is that it sends a continuous analogue output signal to the operating system. The measuring principle is: 1°C temperature difference results in a difference in resistance of 0.348 Ohms.

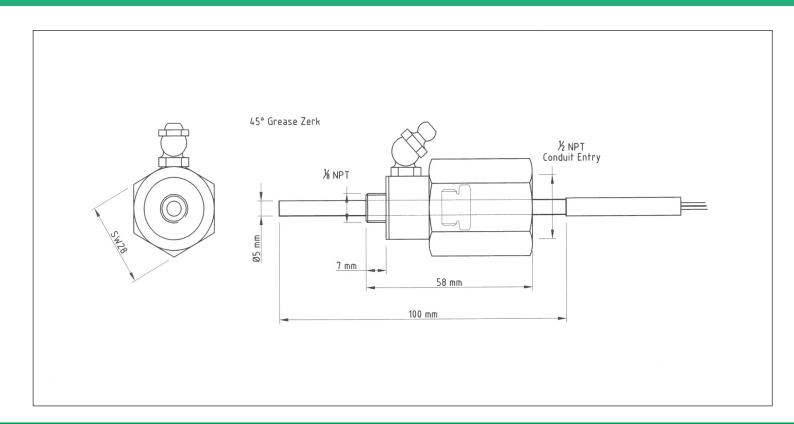
1.1 PT100V3C use in hazardous areas

The Rub-Block RB200DN has the following CSA approval : Class II, Division 1

2.1 Information PT100

The resistance value is in conformance with the European standard: RPT100 = $100 + 0.385055 \times T$. The positive temperature coefficient of a PT100 is 0.385055 Ohms per Kelvin.

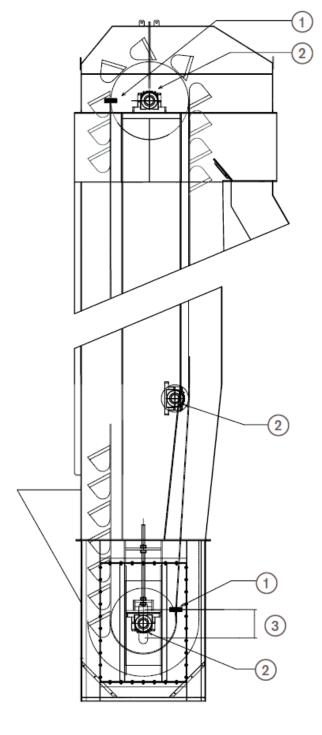
2. Dimensions of the PT100V3C





3. Mounting location

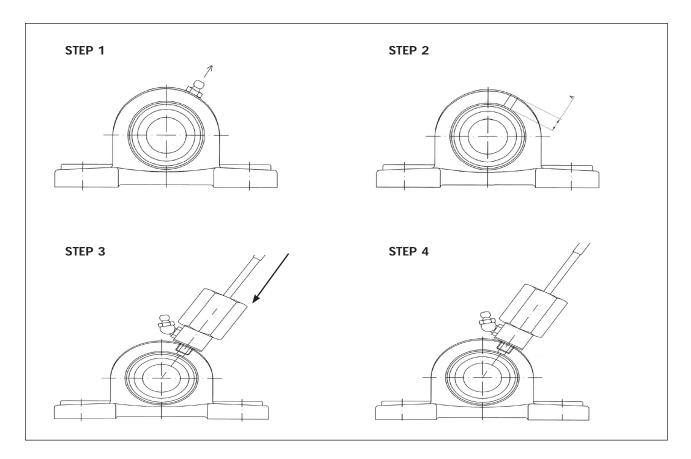
- Rub-Block RB100DN or RB200DN belt misalignment monitoring location (both sides)
 Bearing temperature sensor monitoring PT100 location (both sides)
 Speed monitoring
 Junction box small or large







First of all, the electrical signal for the PT100 sensors has to be operational. If this is not the case, you must put back the existing grease nipple till the electrical signal is operational.



Built in Reed Switch "Fail-Safe"

When a service engineer forgets to return the PT100 sensor correctly into the fitting adapter during a maintenance job, the Pt100 sensor will measuring the ambient temperature instead of measuring the bearing ring.

For this we provided the PT100 probe with a single reed switch and the fitting adapter with a magnet. When the PT100 sensor is not properly installed into a fitting adapter there will be no signal active in the PLC.

This signal is only activated when the PT100 sensor is placed correctly into the fitting adapter. If a service engineer now forgets to return the PT100 sensor correctly into the fitting adapter during a maintenance job, the elevator or conveyor will not start, because there's an high alarm visible into the PLC (no temperature located).

The alarm can be reset in order to correctly installed the PT100 sensor in the fitting adapter 'fail-safe".

The adjustable bearing temperature sensor with reed switch are available in two versions:

- With a reed switch built in, type RS-PT100V3C (100 mm probe length)
- With a reed switch built in, type RS-PT100V3C/70 (70 mm probe length)

4. Technical data



4.1 technical data PT100V3C

PT100 sensor

Sensor type : R8-81227320-0115/050.S01 with 1 x 4L connection wires

Protection type : IP 67

Tolerance class : Class A DIN IEC751

Cable type : PFA-PFA-V2A Cn $4 \times 0.22 \text{ mm}^2$

Ambient temperature limit for cable $:-40^{\circ}\text{C to} + 185^{\circ}\text{C}$

Cable Length : 5 meter, (several cable lengths available)

Measuring temperature limit : - 40°C to + 280°C

Measuring current : 1mA
Output signal : Analogue

Probe lenght

PT100V3C/5 : 100 mm PT100V3C/70 : 70 mm

Standard probe Diameter : Stainless Steel 5 mm, (several probe lengths available)

Electrical Data PT100

Measuring voltage: Ui 30 VMaximum current input: li 101 mAMaximum total output: P 750 mW

Connection body PT100V3C

Housing sensorbody : Stainless Steel
Diameter screw connection head : 1/8 NPT

Hazardous area classification

ATEX Class (Ex-i) : Ex II 1D Ex iaD T85 $^{\circ}$ C / Ex II 1G IIC T6

Certificate number : IBExU13ATEX1079X

IECEx Class (Ex-i) : Ex II 1D Ex iaD T85°C Da, Ex II 1/2 G Ex ia IIC T6* Ga/GB

TAMB -40°C to 185°C

Certificate number : IECEx IBE 15.0014X

Gost R (Ex-i) : Ex II 1D Ex iaD T85°C / Ex II 1G IIC T6

Certificate number : POCC PL.AF.H00052

CSA : Class II, Division 1

6. Explosion protection worldwide

IEC EC directive NEC 500 NEC 505 Ex ia IIC T6
II 1G Ex ia IIC T6
Intrinsic safety Class I Division 1 Group ABCD T6
Class I Zone 0 AEx ia IIC T6



Groups								
IEC/ATEX	/NEC 505	NEC 500/CEC						
Gas groups								
Group I								
I	Methane	.*						
Group II		Class I						
IIA	Propane	Propane	Class I, Group D					
IIB	Ethylene	Ethylene	Class I, Group C					
IIB + H2	Ethylene + hydrogen	Acetylene	Class I, Group B					
IIC	Acetylene Hydrogen	Hydrogen	Class I, Group A					
	Dust (groups						
Group III*		Class II/Class III						
IIIA	Combustible flyings	Fibres, flyings	Class III					
IIIB	Non-conducting dust	Non-carbon-containing dust	Class II, Group G					
IIIC	Conducting dust	Carbon-containing dust	Class II, Group F					
		Metal dust	Class II, Group E					
* Are not within the scope of NEC or CEC ** per IEC 2007 and CENELEC 2009								



6.1 ATEX Groups

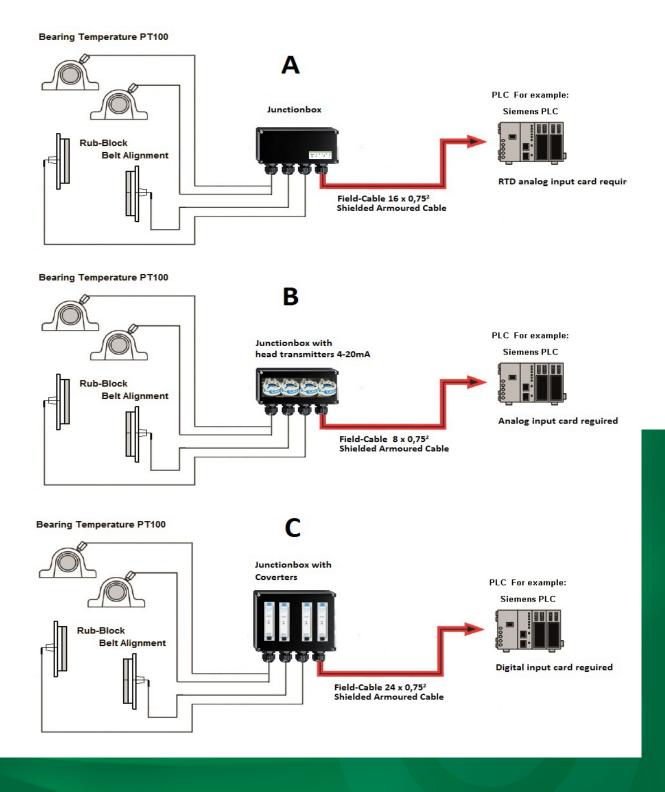
Conditions hazardous areas									
		Classification of hazardous area							
Material Groups	Temporary behaviour of the flammable material in the hazardous area	IEC	EPL*	EU Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX)			US NEC 500	110 1 150 505	
				Zone	Group	Category	Canada CEC	US NEC 505	
	Are present continuously, for long periods or frequently	Zone 0	Ga	Zone 0	II	1 G	Class I	Class 1 Zone 0	
Gases, vapours	Occur occasionally	Zone 1	Gb	Zone 1	II	2 G	Division 1	Class 1 Zone 1	
	Probably do not occur at all, but if they do, only rarely or for short periods	Zone 2	Gc	Zone 2	II	3 G	Class I Division 2	Class 1 Zone 2	
	Are present continuously, for long periods or frequently	Zone 20	Da	Zone 20	II	1 D	Class II	-	
Dust	Occur occasionally	Zone 21	Db	Zone 21	II	2 D	Division 1	-	
	Probably do not occur at all, due to suspended dust, but if they do, only rarely or for short periods	Zone 22	Dc	Zone 22	II	3 D	Class II Division 2	-	
Ad all all a	Hazardous areas	-	Ма	-	1	M1	-	-	
Methane, dust	Potentially hazardous areas	-	Mb	-	1	M2	-	-	
Fibres/ flyings		-		-	-	-	Class III	-	
*) Equipment Protection Level per IEC 2007 and CENELEC 2009									

Ignition protection types (examples)									
Ignition protection type	Marking	Definition	IEC	ATEX approval	FM / UL				
Flameproof enclosure	Ex d	Propagation of an explosion to the outside is prevented	IEC 60079-1	EN 60079-1	FM 3615 UL 1203				
Intrinsic safety	Ex i	Limitation of the energy of sparks and temperatures IEC 60079-11 EN 600		EN 60079-11	FM 3610 UL 913				
n	Ex n	Different protection principles only for Zone II/Div. 2	IEC 60079-15	EN 60079-15	FM 3611 ANSI/ISA 12.12.01				

Temperature classes and max. surface temperatures									
Class	Т1	T2	T2A, T2B T2C, T2D	Т3	T3A, T3B T3C	T4	T4A	T5	Т6
IEC/ATEX/NEC 505	450°C	300°C	-	200°C	-	135℃	-	100°C	85°C
NEC 500/CEC	450°C	300℃	280°C 260°C 230°C 215°C	200°C	180°C 165°C 160°C	135°C	120°C	100°C	85℃



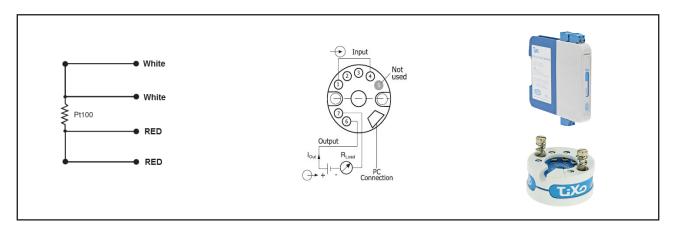
7. Installation diagram





8. PT100 connection data

8.1 PT100 sensor wiring diagram



8.2 Various indicators and transmitters available

GSI 48 Series - Universal input - Panel mounting

SPECIFICATION

Description

Process indicator for analogue signals. Displaying a process, temperature, load cell or potentiometer signal in engineering units.

Input

thermocouples : J, K, T, E, R, S, N

RTD : Pt100 current : $4 \div 20 \text{ mA}$ voltage : $0 \div 50 \text{mV}$, $0 \div 10 \text{V}$

Accuracy

 \pm 0.25% FS \pm 1°C : for thermocouples J, K, T, E, N

 \pm 0.25% FS \pm 3°C : for thermocouples S, R

± 0.2% FS : for Pt100

± 0.2% FS : for input voltage, current

Alarm output

2x SPDT relay contact, 260Vca/1A/150VA 4x SPST relay contact, 260Vca/0,1A/50VA

Isolated 4...20mA

Operating Conditions: -10 ÷ +55°C/20 ÷ 85%RH

Power supply: 10-70Vdc and 21-53Vac or 85-260Vac and 100-300Vdc

Dimensions: 48 x 96 x 90 mm



8. Safety notice to our customers

- A. In order to maximise efficiency and safety it is vital to select the right equipment for each installation. The correct installation of this equipment as well as regular maintenance and inspection are equally important to proper operation and safety of the product. It is the end user's responsibility to ensure correct installation and maintenance of all our products.
- B. The installation of the wiring should be undertaken by an experienced and qualified professional electrician.
- C. Periodic inspection by a qualified person will help extend the lifespan of this product. Muller Beltex recommends that maintenance and inspection be carried out annually, at minimum, depending on the extent the product is used.

8.1 Customer safety responsibilities

- 1. Please read all operation manuals and safety instructions carefully to ensure that you understand the product operation and are able to safely and effectively use this product
- 2. Select a qualified and competent installer

Correct installation of the product is important for safety and proper performance. It is critical for the safety of your operation that those who are authorised be able to work with your equipment properly and that they be qualified to install these products. The product must be installed properly to function correctly and to perform to its designed functions. The installer or the personnel should be qualified, trained, and competent to undertake the installation in accordance with the person responsible.

WARNING The sealing surfaces and any flat seals present must not be damaged!
Installation and commissioning must be performed by qualified personnel. Read this operation manual carefully before starting up. We are not liable for personal injury or property damage incurred by incorrect use.

The user is required to check the latest product information on Muller Beltex' website before installing this product. Failure to do so could result in product failure or damage.

